



1  
00:00:01,220 --> 00:00:03,640

(Narrator)

NASA's Centennial Challenges looks to the public,

2  
00:00:03,650 --> 00:00:09,269

industry, entrepreneurs, small businesses  
and even garage inventors to develop revolutionary

3  
00:00:09,269 --> 00:00:12,320

solutions to some of the biggest challenges  
that NASA faces.

4  
00:00:13,240 --> 00:00:17,720

Since 2010 Marshall Space Flight Center has  
been home to Centennial Challenges.

5  
00:00:18,220 --> 00:00:22,060

During that time we've been able to accomplish  
great things, together.

6  
00:00:22,700 --> 00:00:26,760

Our Astronaut Glove Challenge sourced novel  
ways to improve the gloves that astronauts

7  
00:00:26,769 --> 00:00:27,930

use in space.

8  
00:00:27,930 --> 00:00:30,820

making it easier for them to perform tasks  
during spacewalks.

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00:00:30,820 --> 00:00:32,689

(Soundbite)

My background is in costuming.

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00:00:32,689 --> 00:00:39,010

I'm a designer and fabricator and these challenges  
allow people like myself to participate in

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00:00:39,010 --> 00:00:44,140

a dialogue about aerospace that otherwise they would have no interest in.

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00:00:44,480 --> 00:00:46,740

(Narrator)

Our Lunar Lander Challenge task teams with

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00:00:46,740 --> 00:00:49,000

building and flying a rocket powered vehicle

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00:00:49,000 --> 00:00:51,960

that simulates the flight of a vehicle on the Moon.

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00:00:52,840 --> 00:00:54,840

[cheers]

16

00:00:55,500 --> 00:00:59,840

Our Sample Return Robot Centennial Challenge asked competitors to develop an autonomous

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00:00:59,840 --> 00:01:04,630

rover that could seek out and cache samples for future return missions from other worlds.

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00:01:04,630 --> 00:01:06,690

(Soundbite)

It takes high-resolution pictures of the area,

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00:01:06,690 --> 00:01:09,570

it analyzes those images, then it sends the robot after it.

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00:01:09,570 --> 00:01:13,480

(Soundbite)

This is like a top-notch competition, and

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00:01:13,480 --> 00:01:14,480

it's NASA.

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00:01:14,480 --> 00:01:15,850

I mean, well, it's awesome.

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00:01:15,850 --> 00:01:18,510

(Narrator)

Our 3D-Printed Habitat Challenge sourced ideas

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00:01:18,510 --> 00:01:23,240

and technologies to develop 3D printers that could one day print habitats on the Moon and

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00:01:23,240 --> 00:01:25,430

Mars, and also here on Earth.

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00:01:25,430 --> 00:01:28,380

(Soundbite)

It's often counterintuitive that space research

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00:01:28,380 --> 00:01:31,160

actually improves Earth, but it's seen time and time again.

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00:01:31,160 --> 00:01:33,800

(Soundbite)

We are all together developing a technology

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00:01:33,800 --> 00:01:39,390

that advances the way we think about constructing buildings on Earth.

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00:01:39,390 --> 00:01:43,940

Nothing gets done without multiple people coming together.

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00:01:43,940 --> 00:01:45,820

(Narrator)

Our Space Robotics Challenge is advancing

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00:01:45,820 --> 00:01:51,440

robotic software and autonomous capabilities  
for space exploration missions on other worlds.

33  
00:01:51,440 --> 00:01:54,840  
Sending robots ahead of humans could give  
us a robotic leg up.

34  
00:01:54,850 --> 00:01:58,070  
(Soundbite)  
We look at this robot as being a type of caretaker

35  
00:01:58,070 --> 00:02:01,630  
robot that can manage human environments while  
the crew's not there.

36  
00:02:01,630 --> 00:02:04,780  
(Narrator)  
NASA's first in-space competition the Cube Quest Challenge

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00:02:04,780 --> 00:02:09,120  
tasked the public with developing  
small satellites capable of orbiting the Moon,

38  
00:02:09,120 --> 00:02:10,880  
surviving the longest in deep space

39  
00:02:10,880 --> 00:02:14,760  
or being able to communicate from beyond our Moon back to Earth.

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00:02:14,770 --> 00:02:16,180  
(Soundbite)  
It's a wonderful challenge to be able to go

41  
00:02:16,180 --> 00:02:18,540  
and push the boundaries of what exists.

42  
00:02:18,540 --> 00:02:19,920  
(Soundbite)  
"Excited" might be an understatement.

43

00:02:19,920 --> 00:02:22,000

(Soundbite)

It's an amazing opportunity.

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00:02:22,540 --> 00:02:24,720

(Narrator)

Our Vascular Tissue Challenge is tasking the

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00:02:24,730 --> 00:02:30,050

public with creating vascularized human organ  
tissue, in vitro, in order to advance research

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00:02:30,050 --> 00:02:34,080

and benefit medicine on long-duration space  
missions and on Earth.

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00:02:34,080 --> 00:02:36,760

(Soundbite)

It will have an enormous impact on humankind.

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00:02:36,760 --> 00:02:39,360

(Soundbite)

It can really change the face of medicine

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00:02:39,360 --> 00:02:40,360

as we know it.

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00:02:40,360 --> 00:02:42,320

(Narrator)

NASA's CO2 Conversion Challenge is all about

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00:02:42,320 --> 00:02:47,620

converting carbon dioxide into sugars as a  
step to creating mission critical resources.

52

00:02:47,620 --> 00:02:50,120

By combining these byproducts with on-site materials,

53

00:02:50,120 --> 00:02:54,340

we could create fuels, food, construction materials and even medicine.

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00:02:55,280 --> 00:02:58,060

(Soundbite)

The NASA Centennial Challenge really opened the door.

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00:02:58,060 --> 00:03:00,540

(Soundbite)

I think it's a really great illustration of

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00:03:00,550 --> 00:03:04,590

how open NASA is to change and how important these competitions are.

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00:03:04,590 --> 00:03:06,850

(Soundbite)

The NASA Centennial Challenge for me was a

58

00:03:06,850 --> 00:03:07,940

life-changing experience.

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00:03:07,940 --> 00:03:10,210

(Narrator)

Together NASA's Marshall Space Flight Center

60

00:03:10,210 --> 00:03:12,560

and Centennial Challenges have come so far.